



Cyber Liability Insurance Application

THIS IS AN APPLICATION FOR CLAIMS MADE AND REPORTED COVERAGE. THIS APPLICATION IS NOT A BINDER.

This application for Cyber Liability Insurance is intended to be used for the preliminary evaluation of a submission. When completed in its entirety, this application will enable the Company to decide whether or not to authorize the binding of insurance. Please type or print clearly and answer all questions. If space is insufficient to answer any question fully, attach a separate sheet. Complete all required supplemental forms/applications. "You" and "Your", as used in this application, means the Applicant unless noted otherwise below.

Please refer to the attached Cyber Glossary for an explanation of the cyber security terms that appear in bold face type.

1.	1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
Name of Applicant:						
Street Address:						
City	City, State, Zip: Phone:					
Wel	bsite:		Fax:			
2.	FORM OF BUSINESS					
	a. Applicant is a(an):	Individual Corpora	ation Partnership Other	:		
	b. Date established (DD/	/MM/YYYY)://				
	c. Description of operation	ins:				
	d. Total number of emplo	yees:				
		•	· · · ·	d include a description of (1) the n		
	of operations of each ownership by the Appl		ny or entity, (2) its relationship to	the Applicant and (3) the percenta	ige of	
3.	REVENUES	icant.				
		Current Fiscal Year	Last Fiscal Year	Two Fiscal Years ago		
		ending /	ending /	ending /		
		(current projected)				
An	nnual contributions:	\$	\$	\$		
	ssets under management:					
4.	RECORDS					
	 a. Do you collect, store, host, process, control, use or share any private or sensitive information* in either paper or electronic form? Yes 					
	•	approximate number of unique re				
	Paper records:		c records:			
	*Private or sensitive information includes any information or data that can be used to uniquely identify a person, including, but not limited to, social security numbers or other government identification numbers, payment card information, drivers' license numbers, financial account numbers, personal identification numbers (PINs), usernames, passwords, healthcare records and email addresses.					
	b. Do you collect, store, host, process, control, use or share any biometric information or data, such as fingerprints,					
	voiceprints, facial, hand, iris or retinal scans, DNA, or any other biological, physical or behavioral characteristics that can be used to uniquely identify a person? Yes No					
	•	• • •	e collection, storage and destruction	on of such information or data		
			with applicable federal, state, lo		No	
		e or handle credit card transaction	ns?	Yes	No	
	If "Yes", are you PCI-	DSS Compliant?		Yes	No	
5.						
	This section must be completed by the individual within the Applicant's organization who is responsible for network security. As used					

in this section only, "you" refers only to such individual.

a. Within the Applicant's organization, who is responsible for network security? Name:

		Title:			
		Phone:	Email address:		
	IT Security Designation(s):				
	b.	The Applicant's network security is:	Outsourced; provide the name of your network security provider:		
			Managed internally/in-house		
	c.	If the Applicant's network security is o	outsourced, are you the main contact for the network security provider		
		named in question b. above? If "No", provide the name and email a	ddress for the main contact:	Yes	No
	d.	How many IT personnel are on your te	eam?		
	e.	How many dedicated IT security perso	onnel are on your team?		
con con ider	duct nmui ntifie	ing non-intrusive scans of your inter	Iedge, all answers are complete and accurate. Additionally, you consent to net-facing systems / applications for common vulnerabilities, and 2) rec resentatives regarding the results of such scans and any potentially urgent se tion.	ceiving d	direct
Sia	natu	re:			
6.		AIL SECURITY CONTROLS			
			n is "No", please provide additional details in the "Additional Comments" sect	tion.	
	a.		ployees that the message originated from outside the organization?	Yes	No
	b.	Do you pre-screen emails for potentia	Ily malicious attachments and links?	Yes	No
		If "Yes", complete the following:			
		(1) Provide the name of your email p			
		(2) Do you have the capability to auto they are malicious prior to deliver	matically detonate and evaluate attachments in a sandbox to determine if y to the end-user?	Yes	No
	C.	Sender Policy Framework (SPF) Domain Keys Identified Mail (DKI	owing to protect against phishing messages? (<i>check all that apply</i>): M) ication, Reporting & Conformance (DMARC)		
	d.		a web application or a non-corporate device?	Yes	No
		If "Yes", do you enforce Multi-Factor		Yes	No
	e.	Do you use Office 365 in your organiz	ation?	Yes	No
		If "Yes", do you use the Office 365 Ad	vanced Threat Protection add-on?	Yes	No
		<u>NAL COMMENTS</u> (Use this space to s you are utilizing that are not listed he	explain any "No" answers in the above section and/or to list other releva re.)	ant IT se	curity
7.	INT	ERNAL SECURITY CONTROLS			
	lf th	ne answer to any question in this section	n is "No", please provide additional details in the "Additional Comments" sect	tion.	
	a.	Do you use a cloud provider to store of If "Yes", provide the name of the cloud		Yes	No
			er to store data, specify the cloud provider storing the largest quantity of sensi g medical records, personal health information, social security numbers, bank a		

b	Do you use MFA to secure all cloud provider services that you utilize (e.g. Amazon Web Services (AWS), Microsoft Azure, Google Cloud)?	Yes	No
C.	Do you encrypt all sensitive and confidential information stored on your organization's systems and networks?	Yes	No
	If "No", are the following compensating controls in place:		
	(1) Segregation of servers that store sensitive and confidential information?	Yes	No
	(2) Access control with role-based assignments?	Yes	No
d.	Do you allow remote access to your network?	Yes	No
	If "Yes", do you use MFA to secure all remote access to your network, including any remote desktop protocol		
	(RDP) connections?	Yes	No

	If MFA is used, complete the following:		
	(1) Provide the name of your MFA provider:		
	(2) Describe your MFA type:		
	(3) Does your MFA configuration ensure that the compromise of a single device will only compromise a single authenticator?	Yes	١
е.	Do you use a next-generation antivirus (NGAV) product to protect all endpoints across your enterprise?	Yes	١
	If "Yes", provide the name of your NGAV provider:		
f.	Do you use an endpoint detection and response (EDR) tool that includes centralized monitoring and logging of all endpoint activity across your enterprise?	Yes	I
	If "Yes", complete the following:		
	(1) Provide the name of your EDR provider:		
	(2) Do you enforce application whitelisting/blacklisting?	Yes	I
	(3) Is EDR deployed on 100% of endpoints?	Yes	I
	If "No", please use the Additional Comments section to outline which assets do not have EDR , and whether any mitigating safeguards are in place for such assets.		
	(4) Can users access the network with their own device ("Bring Your Own Device")?	Yes	I
	If "Yes", is EDR required to be installed on these devices?	Yes	
g.	Do you use MFA to protect all local and remote access to privileged user accounts?	Yes	
9.	If "Yes", describe your MFA type:	165	
h.	Do you manage privileged accounts using privileged account management software (PAM) (e.g., CyberArk, BeyondTrust, etc.)?	Yes	
	If "Yes", complete the following:		
	(1) Provide the name of your PAM software provider:		
	(2) Is access protected by MFA?	Yes	
i.	Do you actively monitor all administrator access for unusual behavior patterns?	Yes	
	If "Yes", provide the name of your monitoring tool:		
j.	Do you roll out a hardened baseline configuration across servers, laptops, desktops and managed mobile		
J.	devices?	Yes	
k.	Do you record and track all software and hardware assets deployed across your organization?	Yes	
	If "Yes", provide the name of the tool used for this purpose (if any):		
I.	Do non-IT users have local administration rights on their laptop / desktop?	Yes	
m.	How frequently do you install critical and high severity patches across your enterprise?		
	1-3 days 4-7 days 8-30 days One month or longer		
n.	Do you have any end of life or end of support software?	Yes	
	If "Yes", is it segregated from the rest of your network?	Yes	
о.	Do you use a protective DNS service (PDNS) (e.g. ZScaler, Quad9, OpenDNS or the public sector PDNS to block access to known malicious websites?	Yes	
		103	
	If "Yes", provide the name of your DNS provider:		
р.	Do you use endpoint application isolation and containment technology on all endpoints?	Yes	
	If "Yes", provide the name of your provider:	Yes	
q.	Can users run Microsoft Office Macro enabled documents on their system by default?	Tes	
r.	Do you implement PowerShell best practices as outlined in the Environment Recommendations by Microsoft?	Yes	
s.	Do you utilize a Security Information and Event Management system (SIEM)?	Yes	
t.	Do you utilize a Security Operations Center (SOC)?	Yes	
	If "Yes", complete the following:		
	(1) Is your SOC monitored 24 hours a day, 7 days a week?	Yes	I
	(2) Your SOC is: Outsourced; provide the name of your provider:		
	Managed internally/in-house		

If "Yes", complete the following: (1) Provide the name of your provider: (2) What is your patching cadence? 4-7 days 1-3 days 8-30 days 1 month or longer ADDITIONAL COMMENTS (Use this space to explain any "No" answers in the above section and/or to list other relevant IT security measures you are utilizing that are not listed here.) 8. BACKUP AND RECOVERY POLICIES If the answer to the question in this section is "No", please provide additional details in the "Additional Comments" section. Do you use a data backup solution? Yes If "Yes": a. Which best describes your data backup solution? Backups are kept locally but separate from your network (offline/air-gapped backup solution). Backups are kept in a dedicated cloud backup service. You use a cloud-syncing service (e.g. Dropbox, OneDrive, SharePoint, Google Drive).

Other (*describe your data backup solution*):

u. Do you use a vulnerability management tool?

b. Check all that apply:

Your backups are encrypted.

You have immutable backups.

Your backups are secured with different access credentials from other administrator credentials.

You utilize MFA for both internal and external access to your backups.

You have tested the successful restoration and recovery of key server configurations and data from backups in the last 6 months.

You are able to test the integrity of backups prior to restoration to ensure that they are free of malware.

- c. How frequently are backups run? Daily Weekly Monthly
- d. Estimated amount of time it will take to restore essential functions using backups in the event of a widespread malware or ransomware attack within your network?

1-3 days 4-6 days 1 week or longer 0-24 hours

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS (Use this space to explain any "No" answers in the above section and/or to list other relevant IT security measures you are utilizing that are not listed here.)

9.). PHISHING CONTROLS			
	a.	a. Do any of the following employees at your company complete social engineering training:		
		(1) Employees with financial or accounting responsibilities?	Yes	No
		(2) Employees <u>without</u> financial or accounting responsibilities?	Yes	No
		If "Yes" to question 9.a.(1) or 9.a.(2) above, does your social engineering training include phishing simulation?	Yes	No
	b.	Does your organization send and/or receive wire transfers?	Yes	No
		If "Yes", does your wire transfer authorization process include the following:		
		(1) A wire request documentation form?	Yes	No
		(2) A protocol for obtaining proper written authorization for wire transfers?	Yes	No
		(3) A separation of authority protocol?	Yes	No
		(4) A protocol for confirming all payment or funds transfer instructions/requests from a new vendor, client or customer via direct call to that vendor, client or customer using only the telephone number provided by the vendor, client or customer <u>before</u> the payment or funds transfer instruction/request was received?	Yes	No
		(5) A protocol for confirming any vendor, client or customer account information change requests (including requests to change bank account numbers, contact information or mailing addresses) via direct call to		

Yes

No

No

10. LOSS HISTORY

a. In the past 3 years, has the Applicant or any other person or organization proposed for this insurance:

а.	In the past o years, has the Applicant of any other person of organization proposed for this insurance.					
	(1) Received any complaints or written demands or been a subject in litigation involving matters of privacy injury of private information, network security, defamation, content infringement, identity theft, denial of service att computer virus infections, theft of information, damage to third party networks or the ability of third parties to rely on the Applicant's network?					
	(2) Been the subject of any government action, investigation or other proceedings regarding any alleged violation of privacy law or regulation?	Yes	No			
	(3) Notified customers, clients or any third party of any security breach or privacy breach?	Yes	No			
	(4) Received any cyber extortion demand or threat?	Yes	No			
	(5) Sustained any unscheduled network outage or interruption for any reason?	Yes	No			
	(6) Sustained any property damage or business interruption losses as a result of a cyber-attack?	Yes	No			
	(7) Sustained any losses due to wire transfer fraud, telecommunications fraud or phishing fraud?	Yes	No			
b.	Do you or any other person or organization proposed for this insurance have knowledge of any security breach, privacy breach, privacy-related event or incident or allegations of breach of privacy that may give rise					
	to a claim?	Yes	No			
C.	In the past 3 years, has any service provider with access to the Applicant's network or computer system(s) sustained an unscheduled network outage or interruption lasting longer than 4 hours?		No			
	If "Yes", did the Applicant experience an interruption in business as a result of such outage or interruption?	Yes	No			

NOTICE TO APPLICANT

The insurance for which you are applying will not respond to incidents about which any person proposed for coverage had knowledge prior to the effective date of the coverage, nor will coverage apply to any claim or circumstance identified or that should have been identified in questions 10.a. through 10.c of this application.

The Applicant hereby acknowledges that he/she/it is aware that the limit of liability shall be reduced, and may be completely exhausted, by claim expenses and, in such event, the Insurer shall not be liable for claim expenses or any judgment or settlement that exceed the limit of liability.

I HEREBY DECLARE that, after inquiry, the above statements and particulars are true and I have not suppressed or misstated any material fact, and that I agree that this application shall be the basis of the contract with the Company.

CERTIFICATION, CONSENT AND SIGNATURE

The Applicant has read the foregoing and understands that completion of this application does not bind the Company or the Broker to provide coverage. It is agreed, however, that this application is complete and correct to the best of the Applicant's knowledge and belief, and that all particulars which may have a bearing upon acceptability as a Cyber Liability Insurance risk have been revealed.

By signing below, the Applicant consents to the Insurer conducting non-intrusive scans of the Applicant's internet-facing systems / applications for common vulnerabilities.

It is understood that this application shall form the basis of the contract should the Company approve coverage, and should the Applicant be satisfied with the Company's quotation. It is further agreed that, if in the time between submission of this application and the requested date for coverage to be effective, the Applicant becomes aware of any information which would change the answers furnished in response to any question of this application, such information shall be revealed immediately in writing to the Company.

This application shall be deemed attached to and form a part of the Policy should coverage be bound.

Must be signed by an officer of the company.

Print or Type Applicant's Name	Title of Applicant
Signature of Applicant	Date Signed by Applicant

FRAUD NOTICE STATEMENTS

NOTICE TO ALABAMA APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit, or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance, is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution, fines, or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

NOTICE TO ALASKA APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive an insurance company, files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

NOTICE TO ARIZONA APPLICANTS

For your protection, Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

NOTICE TO ARKANSAS, LOUISIANA, RHODE ISLAND AND WEST VIRGINIA APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

NOTICE TO CALIFORNIA APPLICANTS

For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

NOTICE TO COLORADO APPLICANTS

It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

NOTICE TO DELAWARE APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

NOTICE TO DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPLICANTS

WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

NOTICE TO FLORIDA APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

NOTICE TO IDAHO APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

NOTICE TO INDIANA APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud an insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information commits a felony.

NOTICE TO KENTUCKY APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, any information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

NOTICE TO MAINE APPLICANTS

It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, or a denial of insurance benefits.

NOTICE TO MARYLAND APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit, or knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance, is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

NOTICE TO NEW HAMPSHIRE APPLICANTS

Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

NOTICE TO NEW JERSEY APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

NOTICE TO NEW MEXICO APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit, or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance, is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

NOTICE TO NEW YORK APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

NOTICE TO OHIO APPLICANTS

Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

NOTICE TO OKLAHOMA APPLICANTS

WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

NOTICE TO OREGON APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud or solicit another to defraud an insurer: (1) by submitting an application, or (2) by filing a claim containing a false statement as to any material fact thereto, may be committing a fraudulent insurance act, which may be a crime and may subject the person to criminal and civil penalties.

NOTICE TO PENNSYLVANIA APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, any information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

NOTICE TO TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WASHINGTON APPLICANTS

It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

NOTICE TO TEXAS APPLICANTS

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Cyber Glossary

The following Cyber Glossary is provided to assist you in completing your application correctly and completely.

DomainKeys Identified Mail (DKIM) is an email authentication method that allows senders to associate a domain name with an email message, thus vouching for its authenticity. A sender creates the DKIM by "signing" the email with a digital signature. This "signature" is located in the message's header.

Domain-based Message Authentication, Reporting & Conformance (DMARC) is an email authentication protocol that uses Sender Policy Framework (SPF) and DKIM to determine the authenticity of an email message.

Endpoint application isolation and containment technology is a form of zero-trust endpoint security. Instead of detecting or reacting to threats, it enforces controls that block and restrain harmful actions to prevent compromise. Application containment is used to block harmful file and memory actions to other apps and the endpoint. Application isolation is used to prevent other endpoint processes from altering or stealing from an isolated app or resources.

Common Providers: Authentic8 Silo; BitDefender[™] Browser Isolation; CylancePROTECT; Menlo SecurityIsolation Platform; Symantec Web Security Service

Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR), also known as endpoint *threat* detection and response, centrally collects and analyzes comprehensive endpoint data across your entire organization to provide a full picture of potential threats.

Common Providers: Carbon Black Cloud; Crowdstrike Falcon Insight; SentinelOne; Windows Defender Endpoint

Immutable backups are backup files that are fixed, unchangeable, and can be deployed to production servers immediately in case of ransomware attacks or other data loss.

Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) is an electronic authentication method in which a computer user is granted access to a website or application only after successfully presenting two or more pieces of evidence to an authentication mechanism: knowledge (e.g., password), possession (e.g., phone or key), and inherence (e.g., FaceID or hand print). MFA for remote email access can be enabled through most email providers.

Common MFA providers for remote network access: Okta; Duo; LastPass; OneLogin; and Auth0.

Next-Generation Anti-Virus (NGAV) is software that uses predictive analytics driven by machine learning and artificial intelligence and combines with threat intelligence to detect and prevent malware and fileless non-malware attacks, identify malicious behavior, and respond to new and emerging threats that previously went undetected. For purposes of completing this application, NGAV refers to anti-virus protection that focuses on detecting and preventing malware on each individual endpoint. If your organization has a NGAV solution **AND** you are centrally monitoring and analyzing all endpoint activity, please indicate that you have NGAV & EDR on the application.

Common Providers: BitDefender™; Carbon Black; CrowdStrike Falcon Prevent; SentinelOne; Sophos; Symantec

Offline/Air-gapped backup solution refers to a backup and recovery solution in which one copy of your organization's data is offline (i.e., disconnected) and cannot be accessed. If a file or system of files has no connection to the internet or a LAN, it can't be remotely hacked or corrupted.

Powershell is a cross-platform task automation and configuration management framework from Microsoft, consisting of a command-line shell and scripting language. It is used by IT departments to run tasks on multiple computers in an efficient manner. For example, Powershell can be used to install a new application across your organization.

Privileged Account Management Software (PAM) is software that allows you to secure your privileged credentials in a centralized, secure vault (i.e., a password safe). To qualify as PAM, a product must allow administrators to create privileged access accounts; offer a secure vault to store privileged credentials; and monitor and log user actions while using privileged accounts.

Common Providers: CyberArk and BeyondTrust.

Protective DNS Service (PDNS) refers to a service that provides Domain Name Service (DNS) protection (also known as DNS filtering) by blacklisting dangerous sites and filtering out unwanted content. It can also help to detect & prevent malware that uses DNS tunneling to communicate with a command and control server.

Common Providers: Zscaler; Quad9; OpenDNS; and public sector PDNS.

Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) connections is a proprietary protocol developed by Microsoft which provides a user with a graphical interface to connect to another computer over a network connection. The Microsoft RDP provides remote display and input capabilities over network connections for Windows-based applications running on a server.

Security Information and Event Management system (SIEM) is a subsection within the field of computer security, wherein software products and services combine security information management and security event management. SIEM provides real-time analysis of security alerts generated by applications and network hardware.

Security Operations Center (SOC) is a centralized unit that deals with security issues on an organizational and technical level.

Sender Policy Framework (SPF) is an email authentication technique used to prevent spammers from sending messages on behalf of your domain. With SPF, your organization can publish authorized mail servers.

Vulnerability management tool is a cloud service that gives you instantaneous, global visibility into where your IT systems might be vulnerable to the latest internet threats and how to protect against them. The tool is an ongoing process that includes proactive asset discovery, continuous monitoring, mitigation, remediation and defense tactics to protect your organization's modern IT attack surface from cyber threats.

Common Providers: Qualys; InsightVM by Rapid7; and Nessus[®] by Tenable™